PART I THE MEDIA OF THE ARTS What Artists Use to Express "Reality"

CHAPTER ONE

TWO-DIMENSIONAL ART Drawing, Painting, Printmaking, and Photography

Discussion Questions

- 1. List and define four of the painting media discussed in the text.
- 2. Explain the basic characteristics of intaglio, woodcut, and lithograph.
- 3. Explain the serigraphic process.
- 4. Define the term hue, including its subsidiary characteristics of primary, secondary, and tertiary.
- 5. Explain the concept of balance, including in your answer a definition of the terms symmetry and asymmetry.
- 6. Define "focal area" and indicate the various techniques that can be utilized to achieve it.
- 7. Discuss how Picasso played an important role in the sequence of different artistic movements in the 20th century. Provide examples of his work that illustrate his role.
- 8. Explain how Gericault both criticized social institutions of 19th century France, and also broke with Classical tendencies regarding compositional structure in his painting, *The Raft of the "Medusa.*"
- 9. List and discuss the five elements of composition in two-dimensional art forms.

Multiple Choice Questions

- 10. Which of the following is a painting medium that is transparent and must be worked wet?
 - a. Oil
 - b. Watercolor
 - c. Gouache
 - d. Tempera

11 Oils, perhaps the most popular of the pointing modis, were developed near the and
11. Oils, perhaps the most popular of the painting media, were developed near the end of what century?
a. 12 th
b. 14 th
c. 15 th
d. 16 th
12 Which of the following is reenengible for the fact that watercolors produce a delice of
12. Which of the following is responsible for the fact that watercolors produce a delicacy
that cannot be produced by other media?
a. Chiaroscuro
b. Transparency
c. Opaqueness

- a. Fresco
- b. Watercolor

d. Pigments

- c. Gouache
- d. Acrylic
- 14. Which of the following is a wall-painting technique in which pigments are applied to fresh, wet plaster?
 - a. Fresco
 - b. Ink
 - c. Oil
 - d. Gouache
- 15. Which of the following is a watercolor medium in which gum is added to ground opaque colors mixed with water?
 - a. Gouache
 - b. Aquatint
 - c. Intaglio
 - d. Acrylics
- 16. According to the text, drawing media create their effect through buildup of which of the following?
 - a. Color
 - b. Line
 - c. Form
 - d. Mass
- 17. When artists combine acrylics with oils and watercolors in one work they are said to have used:
 - a. Tempera
 - b. Relief
 - c. Mixed media

- d. Intaglio
- 18. Because of the process used to produce them, prints and reproductions are always considered to be original works of art.
 - a. True
 - b. False
- 19. Which of the following is not a planographic process?
 - a. Lithography
 - b. Serigraphy
 - c. Etching
 - d. Stenciling
- 20. Which of the following is an example of intaglio?
 - a. Collage
 - b. Woodcut
 - c. Serigraphy
 - d. Aquatint
- 21. Woodcut, wood engraving, and linoleum cut are examples of which of the following?
 - a. The planographic process
 - b. Lithography
 - c. Intaglio
 - d. Relief printing
- 22. Which of the following is the name for the printmaking process in which the image is transferred to the paper by cutting away non-image areas?
 - a. Intaglio
 - b. Etching
 - c. Relief
 - d. Collage
- 23. Which of the following is the name for the process in which printing is done from grooves cut into a plate?
 - a. Intaglio
 - b. Wood engraving
 - c. Serigraphy
 - d. Collage
- 24. Which of the following is a printmaking technique in which the surface of a plate is scratched with a needle?
 - a. Aquatint
 - b. Etching
 - c. Drypoint
 - d. Serigraphy

- 25. Which medium is best described by a crayon-drawing appearance?a. Lithographyb. Relief printingc. Gouache
- 26. Which of the following is the name for the embossing effect found on an intaglio print?
 - a. An edition number
 - b. A platemark

d. Fresco

- c. A serigraph
- d. A reproduction
- 27. A squeegee is used in which printmaking technique?
 - a. Lithography
 - b. Aquatint
 - c. Collage
 - d. Serigraphy
- 28. A color edge is a manifestation of what element of composition?
 - a. Line
 - b. Form
 - c. Mass
 - d. Perspective
- 29. Which of the following is the literal meaning of "stone writing"?
 - a. Etching
 - b. Lithography
 - c. Serigraphy
 - d. Aquatint
- 30. Which of the following was not described in the text as a purpose for which artists utilize line?
 - a. To control vision
 - b. To create unity
 - c. To create meaning
 - d. To simulate weight
- 31. According to the text, which of the following is one of the three basic characteristics of line?
 - a. Thickness
 - b. Color
 - c. Implication
 - d. Angularity
- 32. Which of the following terms are most closely related?

- a. Line and mass
- b. Mass and color
- c. Color and form
- d. Form and line
- 33. The primary hues are the same in light and in pigment.
 - a. True
 - b. False
- 34. Orange, resulting from mixing equal amounts of red and yellow, is which of the following?
 - a. Tertiary hue
 - b. Secondary hue
 - c. Primary hue
 - d. Saturated hue
- 35. The spectrum notation of color is called its value.
 - a. True
 - b. False
- 36. Which of the following is the term for hues opposite each other on the color wheel?
 - a. Complementary
 - b. Equal in value
 - c. Tertiary hues
 - d. Secondary hues
- 37. The relationship of blacks to whites and grays is called"
 - a. Hues
 - b. Colors
 - c. Value contrast
 - d. Saturation
- 38. According to the text, black and white are not colors.
 - a. True
 - b. False
- 39. Which of the following is the term for the composite or overall use of color?
 - a. Tonality
 - b. Impasto
 - c. Palette
 - d. Saturation
- 40. Which of the following terms best describes the direction photography took in the early years of the twentieth century to take it away from pictorial style?
 - a. Plain photography
 - b. Straight photography

	Documentary photography Daguerrotype photography
dra a. b. c.	no of the following invented the photographic process called "photogenic living"? Ansel Adams Dorothea Lange William Henry Fox Talbot Alfred Stieglitz
a. s b. i c. t	e painter Hung Liu uses line in his work <i>Relic 12.</i> strong mplied hin dense
tha a. b. c.	bythm is the recurrence of elements, the repetition of a line or shape. If the shape at is repeated returns in varying sizes, its rhythm is said to be: irregular regular contrasting variable
	Fill in the Blanks
44. The	e term intensity means
45. The	e nine steps on the value scale are,,,,,
46. The	e term texture means
47. The	e term rhythm means
48. The	e term harmony means
49. The	e term variation means
	e two means, discussed in the text, by which artists can indicate distance and
51.The	e term chiaroscuro means
52. The	e term <i>trompe l'oeil</i> means

53. Placing objects in proximity to each other is called ______.