

4. A social worker who uses observable evidence to guide their practice decision-making is considered to be:
- Rationally literate
 - Empirically literate
 - Culturally literate
 - Ethnically literate

Answer: B

Difficulty: 2

Competency: Engage, Assess, Intervene, Evaluate

5. Which two core social work values and ethical principles are tapped when a practitioner actively pursues knowledge?
- Integrity and competence
 - Service and social justice
 - Dignity and worth of a person and service
 - Importance of Human Relationships and Social justice

Answer: A

Difficulty: 1

Competency: Critical Thinking

6. What term most often refers to the writing of academics and researchers who are experts in their field?
- Popular literature
 - Scholarly literature
 - Trade Literature
 - Professional Literature

Answer: B

Difficulty: 1

Competency: Research Based Practice

7. What generally refers to a systematic investigation of available library and electronic resources of published works in a topic area?
- The literature review as search
 - The literature review as product
 - The literature review as assignment
 - The literature review as introduction to a research article

Answer: A

Difficulty: 2

Competency: Research Based Practice

8. A social worker located and synthesized research is important to a particular question, using an organized and replicable procedure, what is this normally referred to as?
- Meta-analysis
 - Survey descriptive
 - Systematic review
 - A qualitative review

Answer: C

Difficulty: 1

Competency: Research Based Practice

9. In what stage of the Information Search Process theory does a student normally have feelings of anxiety, confusion and uncertainty?
- Prefocus exploration
 - Focus formation
 - Information collection
 - Task initiation

Answer: D

Difficulty: 2

Competency: Research Based Practice

10. Research design, sample description, variables and measures, study procedures and data analysis are other possible headings for what section of the research study?
- The findings section
 - The methods section
 - The discussion section
 - The literature review

Answer: B

Difficulty: 1

Competency: Professional Identity

11. Which of the following is the most credible source of the others?
- Peer review journal articles
 - Internet websites
 - Research reports
 - Government websites

Answer: A

Difficulty: 1

Competency: Research Based Practice

12. What is an internet search engine available to the general public that contains scholarly literature?
- a. EBSCOhost
 - b. Social Work Abstracts
 - c. Google Scholar
 - d. Sociofile

Answer: C
Difficulty: 1
Competency: Research Based Practice

13. What word would a researcher use to narrow a search and combine all keywords in a review using electronic databases?
- a. OR
 - b. AND
 - c. IF
 - d. COMBINE

Answer: B
Difficulty: 1
Competency: Research Based Practice

14. What is one bibliographic software package that can help a student manage their references?
- a. EndNote
 - b. Sociofile
 - c. Google Scholar
 - d. Social Work Abstracts

Answer: A
Difficulty: 1
Competency: Research Based Practice

15. When first reading an article, the reader should:
- a. Read only the discussion section
 - b. Review the title and abstract for relevance
 - c. Only read the literature review section
 - d. Only read parts that the reader believes are pertinent

Answer: B
Difficulty: 1
Competency: Critical Thinking

16. What section of a journal article should include the purpose of the study, methods, major findings and practice or policy implications in under 120 words?
- The methods section
 - The findings section
 - The introduction
 - The abstract

Answer: D
Difficulty: 2
Competency: Research Based Practice

17. In what section should the rationale and its significant for practice, policy and/or research should be clearly delineated?
- the methods section
 - the findings section
 - the introduction section
 - the discussion section

Answer: C
Difficulty: 1
Competency: Research Based Practice

18. In a qualitative analysis, the results section usually contains:
- Tables of statistical results
 - Verbatim quotes and narrative data
 - Numeric data and narrative results
 - Only the most important findings

Answer: B
Difficulty: 2
Competency: Practice Context

19. A “systematic, replicable technique for compressing many words of text into fewer content categories based on explicit rules of coding” is called?
- Systematic review
 - Quantitative review
 - Content analysis
 - Meta-analysis

Answer: C
Difficulty: 1
Competency: Research Based Practice